

Tilstock CofE Primary

and Nursery School





What does your child need to know? (Mathematics)



- A parents/carers guide to
- age related expectations
 - in mathematics.



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The National Curriculum

The National Curriculum has 3 over arching aims that when combined are designed to increase children's mathematical proficiency.

Fluency

- Children must know the fundamentals of maths.
- Children must frequently practice the fundamentals of maths.
- Children must tackle increasingly harder problems using the fundamental of maths.
- Children must be able to rapidly recall the fundamentals of maths with accuracy.

Reasoning

- Children must be able to follow a line of enquiry.
- Children must be able to use conjecture (*prediction*) as part of their mathematics.
- Children must be able to generalise about their mathematics ("I know that if I do this then this will happen so if I do this then this should happen").
- Children must be able to justify and prove using mathematical language.

Problem Solving

- Children must be able to apply their mathematical skills.
- Children must be able to solve routine and nonroutine mathematical problems.
- Children need to become increasingly sophisticated in terms of formal methods used to solve problems.
- Children need to be able to break a complex problem down into a series of smaller steps so it can be solved.



culations on a blank number line.



FRACTIONS



- Be able to recognise, find and name half as part of a shape or quantity.
- Recognise, find and name one quarter as a part of a shape or quantity.

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ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION



- To be able to use the no-• tation of +, - and = in a number sentence.
- Add and subtract 1-digit • or 2-digit numbers to 20.
- Solve missing number problems 7 = -9.



- groups using objects.
- To be able to multiply using objects.
- To show there working in pictures.



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- Compare describe and solve problems with; <u>length and height</u> (bigger/ smaller, longer/shorter, double/half), <u>mass/weight</u> (heavier/lighter, heavier than/lighter than), <u>capaci-</u> <u>ty/volume</u> (full/empty, more left/less left, half empty, half full, quarter), <u>time</u> (quicker, slower, earlier, later)
- Measure and begin to record; lengths and heights, mass/weight, capacity/ volume, time (hours/ minutes/seconds)
- Recognise and know the value of different coins and notes.
- Sequence events using language (first, later, before, after, today, tomorrow, morning, afternoon, evening)



MEASURES

- Recognise and use the language relating to days, months and years.
- Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and be able to draw hands on a clock face to show this.





<u>SHAPE</u>

- Recognise and name common 2-d shapes.
- Recognise and name common 3-d shapes.



POSISTION AND DIRECTION

- Describe position, direction and movement.
- Know left and right.
- Be able to use compass point North, South, East and West.
- Be able to show a half turn, quarter turn, three quarter turn and a full rotation.







- Count in steps of 2, 3, 5 from zero and in 10's from any number forwards and backwards.
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a 2-digit number (tens and ones)
- Identify, estimate and represent different number on scales and number lines.
- Compare numbers to 100 using <, > and =.
- Read and write numbers to at least 100 in words.
- Use place value and number facts to solve problems.

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FRACTIONS



- Recognise, find and name fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4 and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or a quantity.
- Find simple fractions of an amount 1/2 of 6 = 3.
- Recognise equivalent fractions for 1/2 or 1/4.



Be able to multiply and divide mentally for x2, x5 and x10.

DIVIDE

- Be able to use a written method to X and ÷ and record their working in a number sentence.
- Know that multiplication can be done in any order but division cannot.
- To be able to use efficient written methods and mental methods to solve problems.

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION



• Solve problems using written methods (number lines).

- Solve problems mentally.
- Know all bonds to 20 for + and –.
- Use mental maths and knowledge of bonds to find pairs that = 100.
- Be able to solve; <u>TU +/-</u> <u>U</u>, <u>TU +/- a 10's number</u>, <u>TU +/- TU</u>, <u>U +/- U +/- U</u>. Using <u>written methods</u> and <u>mental maths</u>.
- Recognise and use the fact that + is the opposite of and vice versa.





- Be able to measure length/ height in m/cm.
- Be able to weigh mass in kg/g.
- Be able to measure temperature in °c.
- Be able to measure capacity in I/ml.
- Be able to use and read rulers, scales, thermometers, and measuring vessels.
- Compare and order lengths, mass and volume using <,> and =.
- Recognise and use £ and p.
- Combine £ and p to make a given amount.
- Know different ways to combine coins to make a total.
- Be able to solve problems when adding or subtracting money.



MEASURES

Be able to work out and give change.

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- Compare and sequence time.
- Tell time in five minute intervals and show this by drawing hands on a clock.





<u>SHAPE</u>

- Identify and describe the properties of 2-d shapes.
- Identify and describe the properties of 3-d shapes.
- Identify the faces on a 3-d shape.
- Compare and sort common shapes.



POSISTION AND DIRECTION

- Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences.
- Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position and movement.
 - Be able to rotate through all 4 quarters.



STATISTICS

Make simple pictograms, tally charts, block charts, and tables.

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- Ask and answer questions by sorting into categories and counting.
- Answer questions by interpreting data in categories.



- Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100.
- Find 10/100 more or less than a given number.
- Know the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number.
- Compare and order numbers to 1000.
- Use a variety of skills to solve problems/ calculations.
- Read and write numbers up to 1000 in words.
- Solve number problems and practical problems using the above skills.





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FRACTIONS



- Be able to count up and down in tenths.
- Recognise that tenths are made by splitting an object or amount into 10 equal parts.
- Recognise, find and write fractions of a shape.
- Recognise, find and write fractions of a number.
- Order and compare fractions and find equal fractions.
 - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.

Year 3

- MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE
- Be able to multiply and divide using the x3, x4 and x8 tables.
- Be able to solve multiplication and division calculations using tables they know both <u>mentally</u> and <u>in a written form</u> - <u>including TU by U</u>.
 - Solve missing number calculations.
- Use tables they know to <u>scale up or down</u>.
- Begin to <u>use n and m notation to replace num-</u> <u>bers</u> in a calculation.



- Use formal columns to add and subtract numbers with up to 3-digits.
- Be able to use the inverse operation to check an answer.
- Solve problems, <u>including</u> <u>missing number prob-</u>

<u>**lems</u>**, using their skill set. E.g 397 - ____ = 178 or 189 = ____ + 73 or ____ + 476 = 982</u>





- Measure, compare add and subtract lengths in m/ cm/mm.
- Measure, compare add and subtract mass in kg/g
- .Measure, compare add and subtract capacity in I/ ml.
- Measure the perimeter of 2-d shapes.
- Add and subtract money and give change using £ and p in practical contexts.
- Tell and write the time on an analogue clock and on digital12hr, 24hr clocks and use <u>Roman numerals</u> on an analogue clock.
- Be able to use the vocabulary o'clock, am/pm, midday, noon, midnight to compare time.



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MEASURES

- Know the amount of seconds in a minute.
- Know how many days are in each month, each year and each leap year.
- Be able to calculate the duration of an event in hours, seconds, days, weeks etc.



<u>SHAPE</u>

- Draw 2-d shapes accurately.
- Make models of 3-d shapes.
- Recognise angles as a property of a shape.
- Recognise horizontal and vertical lines.
- Identify right angles. And use them to make half and three-quarter turns.



Know what a parallel line is.

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Identify 2 perpendicular lines.





- Interpret data from bar charts, pictograms and tables.
- construct data into bar charts, pictograms and tables.
 - Solve problems based upon bar charts, pictograms or tables -<u>How many more?, How many</u> <u>fewer?</u>.



- Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000.
- Find 1000 more or less than a given number.
- Count backwards through ٠ 0 into negative numbers.
- Recognise the place value of each digit in a 4-digit number.
- Order and compare numbers beyond 1000.
- Round any number to the nearest 10,100 or 1000.
- Solve number problems with increasingly large numbers.
- Be able to read Roman Numerals to 100.





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MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE

- Recall multiply and division facts up to 12 x 12.
- Recognise and use *factor pairs*. ٠
 - Multiply and divide 2 and 3-digit numbers by a unit using a formal written method.
 - Be able to scale up or down using tables.
 - Be able to use n and m notation efficiently.
 - Be able to recognise and use the link between a small table and a large one - 600 ÷ 3 = 200 can be derived from $6 \div 3 = 2$.

Year 4

FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

2

one-half

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- Recognise and show 'families' of equivalent fractions.
- Count up or down in hundredths and know that a • hundredth is made by dividing something by 100.
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.
- Compare decimals with up to 2 places.
- Know the decimal equivalent of any tenth or hundredth.

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION



- Use formal columns to • add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits.
- Estimate answers before • completing a calculation.
- Check answers using the • inverse operation.
- To solve problems decid-• ing which maths they need to use and why.

FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

- Know the decimal equivalents of 1/2, 1/4 and 3/4.
- Be able to divide a 1 or 2digit number by 10 or 100.
- Round a one place deci-• mal to the nearest whole number
- Use decimals for money. •



- Convert between different units of measure - <u>a mi-</u> <u>nute into an hour, kilo-</u> <u>grams into grams and vice</u> <u>versa</u>.
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of regular shapes.
- <u>Find the area</u> of rectilinear shapes <u>by counting</u> <u>squares</u>.
- Estimate, compare and calculate with different measures including money.
- Read, write and <u>convert</u>
 <u>time</u> between the three clock types - analogue, 12hr and 24hr.
- Solve problems that involve converting hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months and months to days.



<u>SHAPE</u>

- Compare and classify shapes based on their properties and sizes.
- *Identify acute and obtuse* angles and order angles up to 180° by size.
- Identify lines of symmetry in 2d shapes.



<u>SHAPE</u>

Complete a simple mirror image across a given line of symmetry.





POSISTION AND DIRECTION

- Be able to **give co-ordinates** in the first quadrant.
- Be able to understand how translation moves a shape.

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- Be able to say using left/right and up/down how something has been translated.
 - Plot points to create a shape.



- Be able to interpret bar and time/line graphs.
- Be able to <u>draw bar and time/</u> <u>line graphs</u>.
- Solve <u>comparison</u>, <u>sum</u> and <u>difference</u> problems using bar charts, pictographs, tables and other charts.



- <u>Read, write, compare</u> and <u>order</u> numbers <u>to at least</u> <u>1,000,000</u>.
- Be able to say the value of each digit to at least 1,000,000.
- Be able to <u>count forward</u> or <u>backwards</u> in <u>steps and</u> <u>powers of 10</u> up to 1,000,000.
- Be able to count forwards and backwards with negative numbers.
- Be able to use negative numbers in context (temperature especially).
- Round any number up to 1,000,000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10000 or 100000.
- <u>Read Roman numerals to</u> <u>1000</u>.





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MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE Be bale to *find all factor pairs*

<u>a number</u>.

- Find common factors of two numbers.
- Know and use the vocabulary of *prime number*, *prime factors* and *composite (non-factor) numbers*.
- *Establish whether a number up to 100 is prime* and *recall all prime numbers to 19*.
- Multiply a 4-digit by a one or two digit number using a formal method *(long multiplication)*.
- Multiply and divide number mentally.
- Divide 4-digit numbers by a unit using a formal method.____

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MULTIPLY AND

DIVIDE



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- Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits using formal column methods.
- Add and subtract mentally with increasingly large numbers.
- Use rounding to check answers and accuracy.
- Be able to solve multistep problems saying which maths to use and why.



- <u>Multiply and divide numbers, including deci-</u> mals, by 10,100,1000.
- Recognise and use <u>squared numbers</u> and <u>cubed</u> <u>numbers</u> including <u>the notation (²) and (³)</u>.
- Solve problems using knowledge of squares, factors and cubes.
- Understand what the = sign actually means.
- Solve problems that involve simple rates.



FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

one-half

- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are multiples (1/3, 1/6, 1/12, 1,21).
- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction.
- <u>Recognise mixed and irregular fractions</u>.
- <u>Convert between mixed and irregular fractions</u> <u>and vice versa</u>.
- Add and subtract fractions who share a denominator or have denominators that are multiples.
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers with support.





Year



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FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions (0.71 = 71/100).
- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to the decimal equivalent.
- Round decimals with two places to the nearest whole number and tenth.
 - Read write and order numbers with up to 3 decimal places.
 - Solve problems using numbers with up to 3 decimal places.





- <u>Recognise the % symbol and understand</u> that percent means parts of 100.
- Write percentages as a fraction with 100 as <u>the denominator</u>.
- Write percentages as a decimal (0.01 = 1% up to 1.00 = 100%)
- <u>Solve problems using % or decimal equiva-</u> lents for 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5.
- <u>Solve problems that use %, decimal equiva-</u> lents of any tenth of 1/25.



- Be able to convert between different units of metric measure (km>m, cm>m, l>ml, kg>g) and vice versa.
- Understand and use the approximate equivalences between metric and common imperial units (inches, pounds and pints).
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of shapes in m and cm.
- <u>Calculate and compare the</u> <u>area of shapes</u> in cm² and m² and estimate the area of irregular shapes.
- Estimate volume in cm³ of cuboids (cube, cuboid)
- Estimate capacity of a liquid holder.
- Solve problems that involve converting measures of/units of time.
- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure including decimal notation when required.



<u>SHAPE</u>

- Identify 3-d shapes from their 2 -d representations (nets).
- Know angles are measured in degrees.
- Estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles.
- Draw a requested angle and measure them in degrees (º).
- Identify angles around a circle (3<u>65</u>º)



<u>SHAPE</u>

- Identify angles on a straight line (180º).
- Find missing angles using mathematical rules.
- <u>Distinguish between regular</u> and irregular polygons.





POSISTION AND DIRECTION

- Identify, describe or show the position of a shape after reflection or translation.
- Be able to explain how a shape has been reflected or translated using mathematical vocabulary.



- Solve comparison, sum or difference problems using information presented in a line graph.
- Complete, read or interpret information from tables including timetables (trains, buses planes, TV guides etc..)



<u>NUMBER</u>

- Read, write and compare numbers up to 10, 000, 000.
- Know the place value of each digit in any number up to 10, 000, 000.
- Round any whole number to the required degree of accuracy.
- Use negative numbers in context.
- Calculate intervals (gaps)
 across zero.





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<u>MULTIPLY AND</u> <u>DIVIDE</u>

- Use the formal method of long multiplication to solve 4-digit (including those with decimal places) x 2-digit calculations.
- Divide number up to 4-digits by a 2-digit number using the formal method of *long division*.
- <u>Be able to show a remainder as fraction</u> (without using a calculator!).
- Be able to round a remainder as required by a question.
- Be able to routinely use multiplication or division as part of mental calculations.



- <u>Be able to use their knowledge of the order of operations to solve complex problems (BODMAS)</u>.
- Solve any problem involving addition, subtraction or multiplication.
- Use estimation to check answers or determine accuracy.
- Be able to understand the role of brackets eg. 2+ (1x3) = 5 can change to (2+1) x 3 = 9 by changing the location of the bracket.



- Be able to routinely use addition and subtraction as part of mental calculations.
- <u>Be able to use their</u> <u>knowledge of the order</u> <u>of operations to solve</u> <u>complex problems</u> <u>(BODMAS)</u>.

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- Solve any problem involving addition, subtraction or multiplication.
- Use estimation to check answers or determine accuracy.





FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS



- Use common factors to simplify fractions.
- Use common multiples to show fractions as having the same denominator.
- Compare and order fractions.
- Add and subtract fractions with different denominators by finding a common denominator.
- Add and subtract fractions and mixed numbers by finding a common denominator.
- Multiply simple pairs of fractions.
- <u>Reduce an answer to it smallest form (fraction)</u>.



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FRACTIONS AND DECIMALS

- Associate a fraction with division and calculate a decimal equivalent for a simple fraction (3/8 = 0.375).
- Know the place value of each digit in a number with up to 3 decimal places.
- Be able to multiply or divide by 10, 100 or 1000 using number up to 3 decimal places.
- Multiply 1-digit numbers with up to 3 decimal places by a whole number.





- Use written division methods and then be able to <u>use knowledge of frac-</u> <u>tions to convert a remainder to a number</u> <u>with up to 2 decimal places</u>.
- Solve problems that need answers to be rounded to a specific degree of accuracy (2 significant figures etc.)
- Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions in different contexts.





Year

RATIO AND

PROPORTION

- Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities.
- Solve missing number problems where multiplication and division facts are needed.
- Solve problems where the % of a quantity is needed (15% of 360).
- Use percentages to compare.
- Solve problems that involve scaling shapes up or down.
- Solve problems that involve unequal sharing using knowledge of multiplication and fractions.
- Be able to create pie charts by working out the % of 360° as an angle.

Year 6



<u>Algebra</u>

- Be able to use simple formulae.
- Generate and describe linear number sequences (the pattern increases or decreases by the same amount each time eg the x2 table could be shown as n+2).
 - Express missing number problems algebraically (32 + ___ = 56 could be shown as 32 + n = 56).
- Find pairs of numbers that satisfy a problem with two unknowns (a+b = 34 could be 16 + 18 = 34 or 20 + 14 = 34 etc..).
- Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.







- Solve problems that involve the conversion of measure with up to 3 decimal places.
- Use, read, write and convert between standard measures with up to 3 decimal places.
- Convert between miles
 and kilometres.
- Recognise that shapes with the same area can have different perimeters and vice versa.
- Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for the area and volume of shapes.
- <u>Calculate the area of par-</u> allelograms and triangles.
- Calculate, estimate and compare the volume of cubes and cuboids using standard metric units (cm³ and m³) and extend to other standard units (mm³ and km³).



<u>SHAPE</u>

- Draw 2-d shapes using given dimensions and angles.
- Recognise, describe and build 3 -d shapes. (nets)
- Compare and classify geometric shapes.
- <u>Find any unknown angle in a</u> <u>triangle, quadrilateral or regu-</u> <u>lar polygon</u>.





<u>SHAPE</u>

- Illustrate and name parts of circles; *radius, circumference, diameter*.
- Know that diameter is twice the radius.
- Recognise angles around a point and identify missing angles.





POSISTION AND DIRECTION

- Describe position on a full (4 quadrant) co-ordinates grid.
- Draw and translate simple shapes on a co-ordinate plane.
- Reflect simple shapes across the axes.



- <u>Interpret and construct pie</u> <u>charts</u>.
- Interpret and construct line graphs.
- Use pie charts and line graphs to solve problems.
- <u>Calculate and interpret the</u> <u>MEAN of a set of data as the av-</u> <u>erage</u>.